



COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AIR QUALITY PROGRAM

STATE ONLY SYNTHETIC MINOR OPERATING PERMIT

March 2, 2021 Issue Date: Effective Date: October 21, 2022 **Revision Date:** October 21, 2022 March 2, 2026 Expiration Date:

Revision Type: Amendment

> In accordance with the provisions of the Air Pollution Control Act, the Act of January 8, 1960, P.L. 2119, as amended, and 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, the Owner, [and Operator if noted] (hereinafter referred to as permittee) identified below is authorized by the Department of Environmental Protection (Department) to operate the air emission source(s) more fully described in this permit. This Facility is subject to all terms and conditions specified in this permit. Nothing in this permit relieves the permittee from its obligations to comply with all applicable Federal, State and Local laws and regulations.

> The regulatory or statutory authority for each permit condition is set forth in brackets. All terms and conditions in this permit are federally enforceable unless otherwise designated.

State Only Permit No: 46-00259

Synthetic Minor

Federal Tax Id - Plant Code: 83-0344521

Owner Information

Name: HILL AT WHITEMARSH Mailing Address: 4000 FOX HOUND DRIVE LAFAYETTE HILL, PA 19444

Plant Information

Plant: HILL AT WHITEMARSH / WHITEMARSH

Location: 46 Montgomery County 46960 Whitemarsh Township

SIC Code: 4911 Trans. & Utilities - Electric Services

Responsible Official

Name: PETER FLEMING

Title: CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER

Phone: (215) 402 - 8712 Email: Peter.Fleming@thehillatwhitemarsh.org

Permit Contact Person

Name: JERRY KANE Title: PRESIDENT

Phone: (610) 272 - 0505 Email: jkane@penncat.com

[Signature]

JAMES D. REBARCHAK, SOUTHEAST REGION AIR PROGRAM MANAGER



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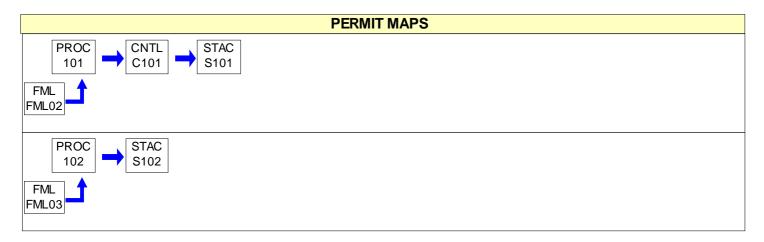
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SECTION A. Site Inventory List

Source	ID Source Name	Capacity/Throughput	Fuel/Material
101	NG CATERPILLAR ENGINE	17,602.000 CF/HR	Natural Gas
102	EXEMPT DIESEL EMERGENCY GENERATOR (500 KW)	36.300 Gal/HR	Diesel Fuel
C101	OXIDATION CATALYST		
FML02	FUEL-NATURAL GAS		
FML03	FUEL-DIESEL FUEL		
S101	CATERPILLAR ENGINE STACK		
S102	EMERGENCY GENERATOR STACK		







#001 [25 Pa. Code § 121.1]

Definitions.

Words and terms that are not otherwise defined in this permit shall have the meanings set forth in Section 3 of the Air Pollution Control Act (35 P.S. § 4003) and in 25 Pa. Code § 121.1.

#002 [25 Pa. Code § 127.446]

Operating Permit Duration.

- (a) This operating permit is issued for a fixed term of five (5) years and shall expire on the date specified on Page 1 of this permit.
- (b) The terms and conditions of the expired permit shall automatically continue pending issuance of a new operating permit, provided the permittee has submitted a timely and complete application and paid applicable fees required under 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter I and the Department is unable, through no fault of the permittee, to issue or deny a new permit before the expiration of the previous permit.

#003 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.412, 127.413, 127.414, 127.446 & 127.703(b)]

Permit Renewal.

- (a) The permittee shall submit a timely and complete application for renewal of the operating permit to the appropriate Regional Air Program Manager. The application for renewal of the operating permit shall be submitted at least six (6) months and not more than 18 months before the expiration date of this permit.
- (b) The application for permit renewal shall include the current permit number, a description of any permit revisions that occurred during the permit term, and any applicable requirements that were promulgated and not incorporated into the permit during the permit term. An application is complete if it contains sufficient information to begin processing the application, has the applicable sections completed and has been signed by a responsible official.
- (c) The permittee shall submit with the renewal application a fee for the processing of the application as specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.703(b). The fees shall be made payable to "The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Clean Air Fund" and submitted with the fee form to the respective regional office.
- (d) The renewal application shall also include submission of proof that the local municipality and county, in which the facility is located, have been notified in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.413.
- (e) The application for renewal of the operating permit shall also include submission of supplemental compliance review forms in accordance with the requirements of 25 Pa. Code § 127.412(b) and § 127.412(j).
- (f) The permittee, upon becoming aware that any relevant facts were omitted or incorrect information was submitted in the permit application, shall promptly submit such supplementary facts or corrected information as necessary to address any requirements that become applicable to the source after the permittee submits a complete application, but prior to the date the Department takes action on the permit application.

#004 [25 Pa. Code § 127.703]

Operating Permit Fees under Subchapter I.

- (a) The permittee shall pay the annual operating permit maintenance fee according to the following fee schedule in either paragraph (1) or (2) in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.703(d) on or before December 31 of each year for the next calendar year.
 - (1) For a synthetic minor facility, a fee equal to:
 - (i) Four thousand dollars (\$4,000) for calendar years 2021—2025.
 - (ii) Five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for calendar years 2026—2030.
 - (iii) Six thousand three hundred dollars (\$6,300) for the calendar years beginning with 2031.



- (2) For a facility that is not a synthetic minor, a fee equal to:
 - (i) Two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for calendar years 2021—2025.
 - (ii) Two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) for calendar years 2026—2030.
 - (iii) Three thousand one hundred dollars (\$3,100) for the calendar years beginning with 2031.
- (b) The applicable fees shall be made payable to "The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Clean Air Fund" with the permit number clearly indicated and submitted to the respective regional office.

#005 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.450 (a)(4) and 127.464]

Transfer of Operating Permits.

- (a) This operating permit may not be transferred to another person, except in cases of transfer-of-ownership that are documented and approved by the Department.
- (b) In accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.450(a)(4), a change in ownership of the source shall be treated as an administrative amendment if the Department determines that no other change in the permit is required and a written agreement has been submitted to the Department identifying the specific date of the transfer of permit responsibility, coverage and liability between the current and the new permittee and a compliance review form has been submitted to, and the permit transfer has been approved by, the Department.
- (c) This operating permit is valid only for those specific sources and the specific source locations described in this permit.

#006 [25 Pa. Code § 127.441 and 35 P.S. § 4008]

Inspection and Entry.

- (a) Upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, the permittee shall allow the Department or authorized representatives of the Department to perform the following:
- (1) Enter at reasonable times upon the permittee's premises where a source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records are kept under the conditions of this permit;
 - (2) Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that are kept under the conditions of this permit;
- (3) Inspect at reasonable times, any facilities, equipment including monitoring and air pollution control equipment, practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit;
- (4) Sample or monitor, at reasonable times, any substances or parameters, for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements as authorized by the Clean Air Act, the Air Pollution Control Act, or the regulations promulgated under the Acts.
- (b) Pursuant to 35 P.S. § 4008, no person shall hinder, obstruct, prevent or interfere with the Department or its personnel in the performance of any duty authorized under the Air Pollution Control Act or regulations adopted thereunder including denying the Department access to a source at this facility. Refusal of entry or access may constitute grounds for permit revocation and assessment of criminal and/or civil penalties.
- (c) Nothing in this permit condition shall limit the ability of the EPA to inspect or enter the premises of the permittee in accordance with Section 114 or other applicable provisions of the Clean Air Act.

#007 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.441 & 127.444]

Compliance Requirements.

(a) The permittee shall comply with the conditions of this operating permit. Noncompliance with this permit constitutes a violation of the Clean Air Act and the Air Pollution Control Act and is grounds for one or more of the following:





- (1) Enforcement action
- (2) Permit termination, revocation and reissuance or modification
- (3) Denial of a permit renewal application
- (b) A person may not cause or permit the operation of a source which is subject to 25 Pa. Code Article III unless the source(s) and air cleaning devices identified in the application for the plan approval and operating permit and the plan approval issued for the source is operated and maintained in accordance with specifications in the applications and the conditions in the plan approval and operating permit issued by the Department. A person may not cause or permit the operation of an air contamination source subject to 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127 in a manner inconsistent with good operating practices.
- (c) For purposes of Sub-condition (b) of this permit condition, the specifications in applications for plan approvals and operating permits are the physical configurations and engineering design details which the Department determines are essential for the permittee's compliance with the applicable requirements in this State-Only permit. Nothing in this sub-condition shall be construed to create an independent affirmative duty upon the permittee to obtain a predetermination from the Department for physical configuration or engineering design detail changes made by the permittee.

#008 [25 Pa. Code § 127.441]

Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense.

It shall not be a defense for the permittee in an enforcement action that it was necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.

#009 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.442(a) & 127.461]

Duty to Provide Information.

- (a) The permittee shall submit reports to the Department containing information the Department may prescribe relative to the operation and maintenance of each source at the facility.
- (b) The permittee shall furnish to the Department, in writing, information that the Department may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the Department copies of records that the permittee is required to maintain in accordance with this permit.

#010 [25 Pa. Code § 127.461]

Revising an Operating Permit for Cause.

This operating permit may be terminated, modified, suspended or revoked and reissued if one or more of the following applies:

- (1) The permittee constructs or operates the source subject to the operating permit so that it is in violation of the Air Pollution Control Act, the Clean Air Act, the regulations thereunder, a plan approval, a permit or in a manner that causes air pollution.
- (2) The permittee fails to properly or adequately maintain or repair an air pollution control device or equipment attached to or otherwise made a part of the source.
- (3) The permittee has failed to submit a report required by the operating permit or an applicable regulation.
- (4) The EPA determines that the permit is not in compliance with the Clean Air Act or the regulations thereunder.

#011 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.450, 127.462, 127.465 & 127.703]

Operating Permit Modifications

(a) The permittee is authorized to make administrative amendments, minor operating permit modifications and significant operating permit modifications, under this permit, as outlined below:





- (b) Administrative Amendments. The permittee shall submit the application for administrative operating permit amendments (as defined in 25 Pa. Code § 127.450(a)), according to procedures specified in § 127.450 unless precluded by the Clean Air Act or its regulations.
- (c) Minor Operating Permit Modifications. The permittee shall submit the application for minor operating permit modifications (as defined 25 Pa. Code § 121.1) in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.462.
- (d) Significant Operating Permit Modifications. The permittee shall submit the application for significant operating permit modifications in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.465.
- (e) The applicable fees shall be made payable to "The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Clean Air Fund" with the permit number clearly indicated and submitted to the respective regional office.

#012 [25 Pa. Code § 127.441]

Severability Clause.

The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit is determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unenforceable, such a determination will not affect the remaining provisions of this permit.

#013 [25 Pa. Code § 127.449]

De Minimis Emission Increases.

- (a) This permit authorizes de minimis emission increases in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.449 so long as the permittee provides the Department with seven (7) days prior written notice before commencing any de minimis emissions increase. The written notice shall:
 - (1) Identify and describe the pollutants that will be emitted as a result of the de minimis emissions increase.
- (2) Provide emission rates expressed in tons per year and in terms necessary to establish compliance consistent with any applicable requirement.
- (b) The Department may disapprove or condition de minimis emission increases at any time.
- (c) Except as provided below in (d), the permittee is authorized to make de minimis emission increases (expressed in tons per year) up to the following amounts without the need for a plan approval or prior issuance of a permit modification:
- (1) Four tons of carbon monoxide from a single source during the term of the permit and 20 tons of carbon monoxide at the facility during the term of the permit.
- (2) One ton of NOx from a single source during the term of the permit and 5 tons of NOx at the facility during the term of the permit.
- (3) One and six-tenths tons of the oxides of sulfur from a single source during the term of the permit and 8.0 tons of oxides of sulfur at the facility during the term of the permit.
- (4) Six-tenths of a ton of PM10 from a single source during the term of the permit and 3.0 tons of PM10 at the facility during the term of the permit. This shall include emissions of a pollutant regulated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act unless precluded by the Clean Air Act, the regulations thereunder or 25 Pa. Code Article III.
- (5) One ton of VOCs from a single source during the term of the permit and 5.0 tons of VOCs at the facility during the term of the permit. This shall include emissions of a pollutant regulated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act unless precluded by the Clean Air Act, the regulations thereunder or 25 Pa. Code Article III.
 - (6) Other sources and classes of sources determined to be of minor significance by the Department.
- (d) In accordance with § 127.14, the permittee is authorized to install the following minor sources without the need for a plan approval or permit modification:





- (1) Air conditioning or ventilation systems not designed to remove pollutants generated or released from other sources.
 - (2) Combustion units rated at 2,500,000 or less Btu per hour of heat input.
- (3) Combustion units with a rated capacity of less than 10,000,000 Btu per hour heat input fueled by natural gas supplied by a public utility or by commercial fuel oils which are No. 2 or lighter, viscosity less than or equal to 5.82 c St, and which meet the sulfur content requirements of 25 Pa. Code §123.22 (relating to combustion units). For purposes of this permit, commercial fuel oil shall be virgin oil which has no reprocessed, recycled or waste material added.
 - (4) Space heaters which heat by direct heat transfer.
 - (5) Laboratory equipment used exclusively for chemical or physical analysis.
 - (6) Other sources and classes of sources determined to be of minor significance by the Department.
- (e) This permit does not authorize de minimis emission increases if the emissions increase would cause one or more of the following:
- (1) Increase the emissions of a pollutant regulated under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act except as authorized in Subparagraphs (c)(4) and (5) of this permit condition.
- (2) Subject the facility to the prevention of significant deterioration requirements in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127, Subchapter D and/or the new source review requirements in Subchapter E.
- (3) Violate any applicable requirement of this permit, the Air Pollution Control Act, the Clean Air Act, or the regulations promulgated under either of the acts.
- (f) Emissions authorized under this permit condition shall be included in the monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting requirements of this permit.
- (g) Except for de minimis emission increases, installation of minor sources made pursuant to this permit condition and Plan Approval Exemptions under 25 Pa. Code § 127.14 (relating to exemptions), the permittee is prohibited from making changes or engaging in activities that are not specifically authorized under this permit without first applying for a plan approval. In accordance with § 127.14(b), a plan approval is not required for the construction, modification, reactivation, or installation of the sources creating the de minimis emissions increase.
- (h) The permittee may not meet de minimis emission threshold levels by offsetting emission increases or decreases at the same source.

#014 [25 Pa. Code § 127.3]

Operational Flexibility.

The permittee is authorized to make changes within the facility in accordance with the regulatory provisions outlined in 25 Pa. Code § 127.3 (relating to operational flexibility) to implement the operational flexibility requirements provisions authorized under Section 6.1(i) of the Air Pollution Control Act and the operational flexibility terms and conditions of this permit. The provisions in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 127 which implement the operational flexibility requirements include the following:

- (1) Section 127.14 (relating to exemptions)
- (2) Section 127.447 (relating to alternative operating scenarios)
- (3) Section 127.448 (relating to emissions trading at facilities with Federally enforceable emissions caps)
- (4) Section 127.449 (relating to de minimis emission increases)
- (5) Section 127.450 (relating to administrative operating permit amendments)



- (6) Section 127.462 (relating to minor operating permit modifications)
- (7) Subchapter H (relating to general plan approvals and general operating permits)

#015 [25 Pa. Code § 127.11]

Reactivation

- (a) The permittee may not reactivate a source that has been out of operation or production for at least one year unless the reactivation is conducted in accordance with a plan approval granted by the Department or in accordance with reactivation and maintenance plans developed and approved by the Department in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.11a(a).
- (b) A source which has been out of operation or production for more than five (5) years but less than 10 years may be reactivated and will not be considered a new source if the permittee satisfies the conditions specified in 25 Pa. Code § 127.11a(b).

#016 [25 Pa. Code § 127.36]

Health Risk-based Emission Standards and Operating Practice Requirements.

- (a) When needed to protect public health, welfare and the environment from emissions of hazardous air pollutants from new and existing sources, the permittee shall comply with the health risk-based emission standards or operating practice requirements imposed by the Department, except as precluded by §§ 6.6(d)(2) and (3) of the Air Pollution Control Act [35 P.S. § 4006.6(d)(2) and (3)].
- (b) A person challenging a performance or emission standard established by the Department has the burden to demonstrate that performance or emission standard does not meet the requirements of Section 112 of the Clean Air Act.

#017 [25 Pa. Code § 121.9]

Circumvention.

No person may permit the use of a device, stack height which exceeds good engineering practice stack height, dispersion technique or other technique which, without resulting in reduction of the total amount of air contaminants emitted, conceals or dilutes an emission of air contaminants which would otherwise be in violation of 25 Pa. Code Article III, except that with prior approval of the Department, the device or technique may be used for control of malodors.

#018 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.402(d) & 127.442]

Reporting Requirements.

- (a) The permittee shall comply with the applicable reporting requirements of the Clean Air Act, the regulations thereunder, the Air Pollution Control Act and 25 Pa. Code Article III including Chapters 127, 135 and 139.
- (b) The permittee shall submit reports to the Department containing information the Department may prescribe relative to the operation and maintenance of any air contamination source.
- (c) Reports, test data, monitoring data, notifications and requests for renewal of the permit shall be submitted to the:

Regional Air Program Manager
PA Department of Environmental Protection
(At the address given in the permit transmittal letter, or otherwise notified)

- (d) Any records or information including applications, forms, or reports submitted pursuant to this permit condition shall contain a certification by a responsible official as to truth, accuracy and completeness. The certifications submitted under this permit shall require a responsible official of the facility to certify that based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the documents are true, accurate and complete.
- (e) Any records, reports or information submitted to the Department shall be available to the public except for such





records, reports or information which meet the confidentiality requirements of § 4013.2 of the Air Pollution Control Act and §§ 112(d) and 114(c) of the Clean Air Act. The permittee may not request a claim of confidentiality for any emissions data generated for the facility.

#019 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.441(c) & 135.5]

Sampling, Testing and Monitoring Procedures.

- (a) The permittee shall comply with the monitoring, recordkeeping or reporting requirements of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 139 and the other applicable requirements of 25 Pa. Code Article III and additional requirements related to monitoring, reporting and recordkeeping required by the Clean Air Act and the regulations thereunder including the Compliance Assurance Monitoring requirements of 40 CFR Part 64, where applicable.
- (b) Unless alternative methodology is required by the Clean Air Act and regulations adopted thereunder, sampling, testing and monitoring required by or used by the permittee to demonstrate compliance with any applicable regulation or permit condition shall be conducted in accordance with the requirements of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 139.

#020 [25 Pa. Code §§ 127.441(c) and 135.5]

Recordkeeping.

- (a) The permittee shall maintain and make available, upon request by the Department, the following records of monitored information:
 - (1) The date, place (as defined in the permit) and time of sampling or measurements.
 - (2) The dates the analyses were performed.
 - (3) The company or entity that performed the analyses.
 - (4) The analytical techniques or methods used.
 - (5) The results of the analyses.
 - (6) The operating conditions as existing at the time of sampling or measurement.
- (b) The permittee shall retain records of any required monitoring data and supporting information for at least five (5) years from the date of the monitoring, sample, measurement, report or application. Supporting information includes the calibration data and maintenance records and original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of reports required by the permit.
- (c) The permittee shall maintain and make available to the Department upon request, records including computerized records that may be necessary to comply with the reporting, recordkeeping and emission statement requirements in 25 Pa. Code Chapter 135 (relating to reporting of sources). In accordance with 25 Pa. Code Chapter 135, § 135.5, such records may include records of production, fuel usage, maintenance of production or pollution control equipment or other information determined by the Department to be necessary for identification and quantification of potential and actual air contaminant emissions.

#021 [25 Pa. Code § 127.441(a)]

Property Rights.

This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privileges.

#022 [25 Pa. Code § 127.447]

Alternative Operating Scenarios.

The permittee is authorized to make changes at the facility to implement alternative operating scenarios identified in this permit in accordance with 25 Pa. Code § 127.447.



#023 [25 Pa. Code §135.3]

Reporting

- (a) If the facility is a Synthetic Minor Facility, the permittee shall submit by March 1 of each year an annual emissions report for the preceding calendar year. The report shall include information for all active previously reported sources, new sources which were first operated during the preceding calendar year, and sources modified during the same period which were not previously reported. All air emissions from the facility should be estimated and reported.
- (b) A source owner or operator of a Synthetic Minor Facility may request an extension of time from the Department for the filing of an annual emissions report, and the Department may grant the extension for reasonable cause.

#024 [25 Pa. Code §135.4]

Report Format

If applicable, the emissions reports shall contain sufficient information to enable the Department to complete its emission inventory. Emissions reports shall be made by the source owner or operator in a format specified by the Department.

46-00259



SECTION C. Site Level Requirements

I. RESTRICTIONS.

Emission Restriction(s).

001 [25 Pa. Code §121.7]

Prohibition of air pollution.

(a) No person may permit air pollution as that term is defined in the Air Pollution Control Act (35 P.S. Section 4003).

002 [25 Pa. Code §123.1]

Prohibition of certain fugitive emissions

No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of fugitive air contaminant from a source other than the following:

- (1) Construction or demolition of buildings or structures.
- (2) Grading, paving and maintenance of roads and streets.
- (3) Use of roads and streets. Emissions from material in or on trucks, railroad cars and other vehicular equipment are not considered as emissions from use of roads and streets.
- (4) Clearing of land.
- (5) Stockpiling of materials.
- (6) Open burning operations, as specified in 25 Pa. Code § 129.14.
- (7) N/A
- (8) N/A
- (9) Sources and classes of sources other than those identified in (1)-(8) of this condition, for which the permittee has obtained a determination from the Department that fugitive emissions from the source, after appropriate control, meet the following requirements:
- (i) The emissions are of minor significance with respect to causing air pollution; and
- (ii) The emissions are not preventing or interfering with the attainment or maintenance of any ambient air quality standard.

003 [25 Pa. Code §123.2]

Fugitive particulate matter

A person may not permit fugitive particulate matter to be emitted into the outdoor atmosphere from a source specified in 25 Pa. Code § 123.1(a) (relating to prohibition of certain fugitive emissions) if such emissions are visible at the point the emissions pass outside the person's property.

004 [25 Pa. Code §123.31]

Limitations

A person may not permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of any malodorous air contaminants from any source in such a manner that the malodors are detectable outside the property of the person on whose land the source is being operated.

005 [25 Pa. Code §123.41]

Limitations

A person may not permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of visible air contaminants in such a manner that the opacity of the emission is either of the following:

- (a). Equal to or greater than 20% for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any 1 hour; or
- (b). Equal to or greater than 60% at any time.

006 [25 Pa. Code §123.42]

Exceptions

The opacity limitations as per 25 Pa. Code § 123.41 shall not apply to a visible emission in any of the following instances:

- (a) When the presence of uncombined water is the only reason for failure of the emission to meet the limitations.
- (b) When the emission results from the operation of equipment used solely to train and test persons in observing the opacity of visible emissions.
- (c) When the emission results from the sources specified in 25 Pa. Code § 123.1(a) (relating to prohibition of certain fugitive emissions).





SECTION C. Site Level Requirements

007 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

The total Nitrogen Oxides (NOx), Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC), Carbon Monoxide (CO) and Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) emissions from the facility shall not exceed 24.90, 11.01, 11.42, and 2.3 tons per year respectively expressed as a 12-month rolling sum, calculated monthly. The facility is a synthetic minor facility for NOx.

008 [25 Pa. Code §129.14]

Open burning operations

No person may permit the open burning of material in the Southeast Air Basin except where the open burning operations result from:

- (a) a fire set to prevent or abate a fire hazard, when approved by the Department and set by or under the supervision of a public officer.
- (b) any fire set for the purpose of instructing personnel in fire fighting, when approved by the Department.
- (c) a fire set for the prevention and control of disease or pests, when approved by the Department.
- (d) a fire set in conjunction with the production of agricultural commodities in their unmanufactured state on the premises of the farm operation.
- (e) a fire set for the purpose of burning domestic refuse, when the fire is on the premises of a structure occupied solely as a dwelling by two families or less and when the refuse results from the normal occupancy of the structure.
- (f) a fire set solely for recreational or ceremonial purposes.
- (g) a fire set solely for cooking food.

II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

009 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

- (a) If at any time the Department has cause to believe that air contaminant emissions from any source may be in excess of the limitations specified in this Permit, or established pursuant to, any applicable rule or regulation contained in 25 Pa. Code Article III, the permittee shall be required to conduct whatever tests are deemed necessary by the Department to determine the actual emission rate(s).
- (b) Such testing shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of 25 Pa. Code Chapter 139 and the most current version of the DEP Source Testing Manual, when applicable, and in accordance with any restrictions or limitations established by the Department at such time as it notifies the permittee that testing is required.

III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

010 [25 Pa. Code §123.43]

Measuring techniques

Visible emissions may be measured using either of the following:

- (a). A device approved by the Department and maintained to provide accurate opacity measurements; or
- (b). Observers trained and qualified to measure plume opacity with the naked eye or with the aid of any devices approved by the Department.

011 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

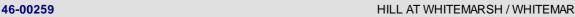
Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee shall calculate the emissions of NOx, VOC, CO, and HAPs on a monthly basis calculated as a 12-month rolling sum per source, to ensure compliance with the NOx, VOC, CO, and HAPs emission limits of this permit.

012 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

- (a) The permittee shall monitor the facility, once per operating day, for the following:
 - (1) Odors which may be objectionable (as per 25 Pa. Code §123.31);
 - (2) Visible Emissions (as per 25 Pa. Code §§123.41 and 123.42); and



SECTION C. **Site Level Requirements**

- (3) Fugitive Particulate Matter (as per 25 Pa. Code §§ 123.1 and 123.2).
- (b) Objectionable odors, fugitive particulate emissions, and visible emissions that are caused or may be caused by operations at the site shall:
 - (1) Be investigated:
 - (2) Be reported to the facility management, or individual(s) designated by the permittee;
 - (3) Have appropriate corrective action taken (for emissions that originate on-site); and
 - (4) Be recorded in a permanent written log.
- (c) After six (6) months of daily monitoring, and upon the permittee's request, the Department will determine the feasibility of decreasing the monitoring frequency to weekly. for the next six month period.
- (d) After six (6) months of weekly monitoring, and upon the permittee's request, the Department will determine the feasibility of decreasing the frequency of monitoring to monthly.
- (e) The Department reserves the right to change the above monitoring requirements at any time, based on but not limited to: the review of the compliance certification, complaints, monitoring results, and/or Department findings.

RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

013 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee shall keep records of the emissions of NOx, VOC, CO, and HAPs on a monthly basis calculated as a 12month rolling sum per source and for the facility, to ensure compliance with the NOX, VOC, CO, and HAPs emission limits of this permit.

#014 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee shall maintain a record of all monitoring of fugitive emissions, visible emissions and odors, including those that deviate from the conditions found in this permit. The record of deviations shall contain, at a minimum, the following items:

- (a) date, time, and location of the incident(s);
- (b) the cause of the event; and
- (c) the corrective action taken, if necessary, to abate the situation and prevent future occurrences.

015 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee shall maintain records of all the facility's increases of emissions from the following categories:

- (a) deminimus increases without notification to the Department;
- (b) deminimus increases with notification to the Department, via letter;
- (c) increases resulting from a Request for Determination (RFD) to the Department; and
- (d) increases resulting from the issuance of a plan approval and subsequent operating permit.

V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

[25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

- (a) The permittee shall report malfunctions, emergencies or incidents of excess emissions to the Department at 484-250-5920. A malfunction is any sudden, infrequent, and not reasonably preventable failure of air pollution control equipment, process equipment, or a process to operate in a normal or usual manner. An emergency is any situation arising from sudden and reasonably unforeseeable events beyond the control of the owner or operator of a facility which requires immediate corrective action to restore normal operation and which causes the emission source to exceed emissions, due to unavoidable increases in emissions attributable to the situation. An emergency shall not include situations caused by improperly designed equipment, lack of preventive maintenance, careless or improper operation, or operator error.
- (b) When the malfunction, emergency or incident of excess emissions poses an imminent danger to the public health,





SECTION C. Site Level Requirements

safety, welfare, or environment, it shall be reported to the Department and the County Emergency Management Agency by telephone within one (1) hour after the discovery of the malfunction, emergency or incident of excess emissions. The owner or operator shall submit a written or emailed report of instances of such malfunctions, emergencies or incidents of excess emissions to the Department within three (3) business days of the telephone report.

- (c) The report shall describe the following:
 - (1) Name, permit or authorization number, and location of the facility;
 - (2) Nature and cause of the malfunction, emergency or incident;
 - (3) Date and time when the malfunction, emergency or incident was first observed;
 - (4) Expected duration of excess emissions;
 - (5) Estimated rate of emissions; and
 - (6) Corrective actions or preventative measures taken.
- (d) Any malfunction, emergency or incident of excess emissions that is not subject to the notice requirements of paragraph (b) of this condition shall be reported to the Department by telephone within 24 hours (or by 4:00 PM of the next business day, whichever is later) of discovery and in writing or by e-mail within five (5) business days of discovery. The report shall contain the same information required by paragraph (c), and any permit specific malfunction reporting requirements.
- (e) During an emergency an owner or operator may continue to operate the source at their discretion provided they submit justification for continued operation of a source during the emergency and follow all the notification and reporting requirements in accordance with paragraphs (b)-(d), as applicable, including any permit specific malfunction reporting requirements.
- (f) Reports regarding malfunctions, emergencies or incidents of excess emissions shall be submitted to the appropriate DEP Regional Office Air Program Manager.
- (g) Any emissions resulted from malfunction or emergency are to be reported in the annual emissions inventory report, if the annual emissions inventory report is required by permit or authorization.

017 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

[Additional authority for this permit condition is also derived from 40 CFR Part 68.]

- (a) If required by Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act, the permittee shall develop and implement an accidental release program consistent with requirements of the Clean Air Act, 40 CFR Part 68 (relating to chemical accident prevention provisions) and the Federal Chemical Safety Information, Site Security and Fuels Regulatory Relief Act (P.L. 106-40).
- (b) The permittee shall prepare and implement a Risk Management Plan (RMP) which meets the requirements of Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act, 40 CFR Part 68 and the Federal Chemical Safety Information, Site Security and Fuels Regulatory Relief Act when a regulated substance listed in 40 CFR § 68.130 is present in a process in more than the threshold quantity at a facility. The permittee shall submit the RMP to the federal Environmental Protection Agency according to the following schedule and requirements:
- (1) The permittee shall submit the first RMP to a central point specified by EPA no later than the latest of the following:
- (i) Three years after the date on which a regulated substance is first listed under 40 CFR § 68.130; or,
- (ii) The date on which a regulated substance is first present above a threshold quantity in a process.
- (2) The permittee shall submit any additional relevant information requested by the Department or EPA concerning the RMP and shall make subsequent submissions of RMPs in accordance with 40 CFR § 68.190.
- (3) The permittee shall certify that the RMP is accurate and complete in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 68, including a checklist addressing the required elements of a complete RMP.
- (c) As used in this permit condition, the term "process" shall be as defined in 40 CFR § 68.3. The term "process" means any activity involving a regulated substance including any use, storage, manufacturing, handling, or on-site movement of





SECTION C. **Site Level Requirements**

such substances or any combination of these activities. For purposes of this definition, any group of vessels that are interconnected, or separate vessels that are located such that a regulated substance could be involved in a potential release, shall be considered a single process.

- (d) If this facility is subject to 40 CFR Part 68, as part of the certification required under this permit, the permittee shall:
- (1) Submit a compliance schedule for satisfying the requirements of 40 CFR Part 68 by the date specified in 40 CFR § 68.10(a); or,
- (2) Certify that this facility is in compliance with all requirements of 40 CFR Part 68 including the registration and submission of the RMP.
- (e) If this facility is subject to 40 CFR Part 68, the permittee shall maintain records supporting the implementation of an accidental release program for five (5) years in accordance with 40 CFR § 68.200.
- (f) When this facility is subject to the accidental release program requirements of Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act and 40 CFR Part 68, appropriate enforcement action will be taken by the Department if the permittee fails to register and submit the RMP or a revised plan pursuant to 40 CFR Part 68.

VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

018 [25 Pa. Code §123.1]

Prohibition of certain fugitive emissions

A person responsible for any source specified 25 Pa. Code § 123.1 shall take all reasonable actions to prevent particulate matter from becoming airborne. These actions shall include, but not be limited to, the following

- (a) use, where possible, of water or suitable chemicals, for control of dust in the demolition of buildings or structures, construction operations, the grading of roads, or the clearing of land;
- (b) application of asphalt, water, or other suitable chemicals, on dirt roads, material stockpiles and other surfaces which may give rise to airborne dusts;
- (c) paving and maintenance of roadways; and
- (d) prompt removal of earth or other material from paved streets onto which earth or other material has been transported by trucking or earth moving equipment, erosion by water, or by other means.

019 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee shall ensure that the source(s) and air pollution control device(s), listed in this permit, are operated and maintained in a manner consistent with good operating and maintenance practices, and in accordance with manufacturer's specifications.

[25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee may not modify any air contaminant system identified in this permit, prior to obtaining Department approval, except those modifications authorized by Condition #013(g), of Section B, of this permit.

[25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee shall immediately, upon discovery, implement measures which may include the application for the installation of an air cleaning device(s), if necessary, to reduce the air contaminant emissions to within applicable limitations, if at any time the operation of the source(s) identified in this permit, is causing the emission of air contaminants in excess of the limitations specified in, or established pursuant to 25 Pa. Code Article III or any other applicable rule promulgated under the Clean Air Act.





SECTION C. Site Level Requirements

VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

No additional requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

VIII. COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION.

No additional compliance certifications exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (relating to State Only General Requirements).

IX. COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE.

No compliance milestones exist.



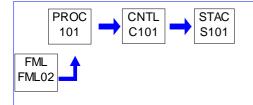




SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 101 Source Name: NG CATERPILLAR ENGINE

Source Capacity/Throughput: 17,602.000 CF/HR Natural Gas



I. RESTRICTIONS.

Emission Restriction(s).

001 [25 Pa. Code §123.13]

Processes

No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of particulate matter from a process in a manner that the concentration of particulate matter in the effluent gas does not exceed 0.04 grain per dry standard cubic foot, pursuant to 25 Pa. Code § 123.13(c)(1)(i).

002 [25 Pa. Code §123.21]

General

No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of sulfur oxides from a source in a manner that the concentration of the sulfur oxides, expressed as SO2, in the effluent gas exceeds 500 parts per million, by volume, dry basis.

003 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

(a) The operation of the Caterpillar I.C. engine with catalytic oxidizer shall not emit the following listed air contaminants into the atmosphere in excess of the limitations specified below:

.....(gm/bhp-hr).....(Tons per year, TPY)

NOx	1.00	22.30
VOC	0.46	10.30
CO	0.22	4.90

The tons per year limits shall be determined as a 12-month rolling sum.

(b) The engine covered under this permit shall burn natural gas only.

[Compliance with the gm/bhp-hr limits assures compliance with 40 C.F.R. §60.4233 provided that the catalyst is operated following manufacturer's specifications].

II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional testing requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

III. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

004 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

(a) The permittee shall monitor the pressure drop across the catalyst and the temperature of the exhaust gas exiting the





SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

system on a weekly basis, when operating.

(b) The permittee shall monitor the hours of operation, by the use of a non-resettable hour meter installed on the engine.

[Additional authority for this permit condition is also derived from 40 CFR § 60.4237 (c)]

IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

005 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

[Additional authority for this permit condition is also derived from 40 CFR § 60.4245]

The permittee shall keep the following records for at least five years:

- (a) All notifications submitted to comply with 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart JJJJ and all documentation supporting any notification.
- (b) Maintenance conducted on the engine.
- (c) If the stationary SI internal combustion engine is a certified engine, documentation from the manufacturer that the engine is certified to meet the emission standards and information as required in 40 CFR parts 90, 1048, 1054, and 1060, as applicable.
- (d) If the stationary SI internal combustion engine is not a certified engine or is a certified engine operating in a non-certified manner and subject to 40 C.F.R. §60.4243(a)(2), documentation that the engine meets the emission standards.
- (e) Records of the hours of operation of the engine that is recorded through the non-resettable hour meter. The owner or operator must document how many hours are spent for emergency operation, including what classified the operation as emergency and how many hours are spent for non-emergency operation.

006 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

- (a) The permittee shall record the pressure drop across the catalyst and the temperature of the exhaust gas exiting the system on a weekly basis, when operating.
- (b) The permittee shall maintain any records necessary to demonstrate compliance with the NOx, VOC and CO emission limits as a 12-month rolling sum.
- (c) The permittee shall record the hours of operation, on a monthly basis calculated as a 12-month rolling sum, by the use of a non-resettable hour meter installed on the engine.

V. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

007 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

- (a) The emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOC), and carbon monoxide (CO) from the engine shall be controlled by the use of a catalytic oxidizer system.
- (b) The permittee shall maintain, and operate the catalytic oxidizer system according to the manufacturer's specification.
- (c) The pressure drop across the silencer/catalyst shall not exceed 10.4 inches of water column.





SECTION D. **Source Level Requirements**

- (d) The exhaust temperature of the catalytic oxidizer system shall not exceed 1030°F.
- (e) The catalyst shall be replaced after 8,000 operating hours as stated in the application or more frequently, if necessary.
- (f) The engine shall be inspected, adjusted, and maintained as recommended by the manufacturer. Inspections, adjustments, and maintenance shall be performed by a qualified technician and according to the engine manufacturer's procedures.
- (g) The permittee shall comply with all applicable requirements of 40 CFR § 60.4243 when operating this source:
- (1) If you are an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine and must comply with the emission standards specified in §60.4233(e), you must demonstrate compliance according to one of the methods specified in paragraphs (i) and (ii) below:
- (i) Purchasing an engine certified according to procedures specified in this subpart, for the same model year and demonstrating compliance according to one of the methods specified in 40 CFR § 60.4243(a).
- (ii) Purchasing a non-certified engine and demonstrating compliance with the emission standards specified in 40 CFR §60.4233(e) and according to the requirements specified in 40 CFR §60.4244, as applicable, and according to paragraphs (A) below:
- (A) If you are an owner or operator of a stationary SI internal combustion engine greater than 500 HP, you must keep a maintenance plan and records of conducted maintenance and must, to the extent practicable, maintain and operate the engine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions. In addition, you must conduct an initial performance test and conduct subsequent performance testing every 8,760 hours or 3 years, whichever comes first, thereafter to demonstrate compliance.

008 [25 Pa. Code §129.203]

Stationary internal combustion engines.

- (a) The permittee shall calculate the difference between the actual emissions from the unit during the period from May 1 through September 30 and the allowable emissions for that period.
- (b) The permittee shall calculate allowable emissions by multiplying the cumulative hours of operations for the unit for the period by the horsepower rating of the unit and by the applicable emission rate set forth below:
- (1) For a compression ignition stationary internal combustion engine firing diesel fuel, 2.3 grams of NOx per brake horsepower-hour.

009 [25 Pa. Code §129.204]

Emission accountability.

- (a) The permittee shall determine actual emissions by the maximum hourly allowable NOx emission rate (11.09 lb/hr) and the actual operating hours during the ozone season.
- (b) The permittee shall surrender to the Department one CAIR NOx allowance and one CAIR NOx Ozone Season allowance, as defined in 40 CFR 96.102 and 96.302 (relating to definitions), for each ton of NOx by which the combined actual emissions exceed the allowable emissions of the units subject to this section at a facility from May 1 through September 30. The surrendered allowances shall be of current year vintage. For the purpose of determining the amount of allowances to surrender, any remaining fraction of a ton equal to or greater than 0.50 ton is deemed to equal 1 ton and any fraction of a ton less than 0.50 ton is deemed to equal zero tons.
- (c) By November 1 of each year, the permittee shall surrender the required NOx allowances to the Department's designated NOx allowance tracking system account and provide to the Department, in writing, the following:
 - (1) The serial number of each NOx allowance surrendered.



SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

- (2) The calculations used to determine the quantity of NOx allowances required to be surrendered.
- (d) If the permittee does not comply with (c)(1) (2), above, in a given year, then the permittee shall surrender, on or before December 31 of that year, 3 NOx allowances for each NOx allowance that was required to be surrendered in (c)(1) (2), above. The surrendered NOx allowances may be of current or later year vintage.

VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

010 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

- (a) The natural gas-fired internal combustion engines is Caterpillar, Model No.G3516C 4-stroke lean burn engine, manufactured on 08/28/2006, has a rated output of 1660 KW (2,311 BHP), at a maximum heat input of 16.7 MMBtu/Hr.
- (b) The natural gas-fired internal combustion engine shall be equipped with a automatic air/fuel ratio controller, and a catalytic oxidizer system.

011 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

Specifically, for each ozone season beginning after January 1, 2015, the Department intends to accept the surrender of annual and ozone season TR NOx allowances as a compliance alternative to the surrender of annual and ozone season CAIR NOx allowances if the TR allowances are surrendered for compliance purposes in a manner consistent with the surrender provisions for CAIR allowances set forth in the applicable sections specified in this notice. The Department consulted with staff in the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Region III Office in developing an alternative allowance surrender approach for compliance with the applicable SIP-approved requirements. To this end, the EPA has confirmed, in writing, that TR NOx allowances may be surrendered as set forth in the applicable regulations in 25 Pa.Code Chapters 129 and 145. A detailed notice was published in the PA bulletin on April 4, 2015 [45 Pa.B. 1687].

012 [25 Pa. Code §129.204]

Emission accountability.

[Note: On July 6, 2011, EPA promulgated the Cross-State Air Pollution Rule (CSAPR) to replace CAIR. The CSAPR provisions of 40 CFR Part 97, Subpart AAAAA (relating to CSAPR NOx Annual Trading Program), replaced the provisions of 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart AA (relating to CAIR NOx Annual Trading Program General Provisions), and remain in effect. On October 26, 2016, EPA promulgated the CSAPR Update to establish the provisions of 40 CFR Part 97, Subpart EEEEE (relating to CSAPR NOx Ozone Season Group 2 Trading Program), to replace the previously-established CAIR NOx Ozone Season Trading Program and CSAPR NOx Ozone Season Group 1 Trading Program for certain states, including Pennsylvania, beginning with the 2017 ozone season. On April 30, 2021, EPA promulgated the Revised CSAPR Update to establish the provisions of 40 CFR Part 97, Subpart GGGGG (relating to CSAPR NOx Ozone Season Group 3 Trading Program), to replace the provisions of 40 CFR Part 97, Subpart EEEEE, for certain states, including Pennsylvania, beginning with the 2021 ozone season (though DEP will accept CSAPR NOx Ozone Season Group 2 allowances of current year vintage from other states, if available). Accordingly, the permittee shall surrender CSAPR NOx Annual allowances and either CSAPR NOx Ozone Season Group 2 allowances, as defined in 40 CFR §§ 97.402, 97.802, and 97.1002, respectively, instead of the CAIR NOx allowances and CAIR NOx Ozone Season allowances indicated in 25 Pa. Code § 129.204(c), as the latter are no longer available.]



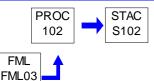
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SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

Source ID: 102 Source Name: EXEMPT DIESEL EMERGENCY GENERATOR (500 KW)

Source Capacity/Throughput: 36.300 Gal/HR Diesel Fuel



I. RESTRICTIONS.

Emission Restriction(s).

001 [25 Pa. Code §123.13]

Processes

No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of particulate matter from a process in a manner that the concentration of particulate matter in the effluent gas does not exceed 0.04 grain per dry standard cubic foot, pursuant to 25 Pa. Code § 123.13(c)(1)(i).

002 [25 Pa. Code §123.21]

General

No person may permit the emission into the outdoor atmosphere of sulfur oxides from each emergency generator in a manner that the concentration of the sulfur oxides, expressed as SO2, in the effluent gas exceeds 500 parts per million, by volume, dry basis.

003 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

An exempt emergency engine on site shall not exceed the following combined NOx emission limits:

- (a). 100 lbs per hour,
- (b). 1000 lbs per day,
- (c). 2.75 tons per ozone season (May 1 through September 30), and
- (d). 6.6 tons per year, on a 12-month rolling basis.

Fuel Restriction(s).

004 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

- (a) Only diesel fuel shall be used in the operation of this engine.
- (b) In accordance with 40 CFR § 80.510(b), the diesel fuel is subject to the following per gallon standards:
 - (1) A maximum sulfur content of 15ppm.
 - (2) A minimum cetane index of 40; or a maximum aromatic content of 35 volume percent.

II. TESTING REQUIREMENTS.

005 [25 Pa. Code §139.16]

Sulfur in fuel oil.

- (a) The following are applicable to the analysis of commercial fuel oil:
- (1) The fuel oil sample for chemical analysis shall be collected in a manner that provides a representative sample. Upon the request of a Department official, the person responsible for the operation of the source shall collect the sample employing the procedures and equipment specified in 25 Pa. Code § 139.4(10) (relating to references).





SECTION D. **Source Level Requirements**

- (2) Test methods and procedures for the determination of sulfur shall be those specified in 25 Pa. Code § 139.4(12)--(15).
- (3) Results shall be reported in accordance with the units specified in 25 Pa. Code § 123.22 (relating to combustion units).
- (b) The requirements in subpart (a), above, shall be waived in the event that a delivery receipt from the supplier, showing the maximum percent sulfur in the fuel, is obtained each time a fuel oil delivery is made.

MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

006 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

- (a) The permittee shall monitor the hours of operation on a monthly basis.
- (b) The permittee shall monitor NOx emissions in units of:
 - lbs/hr
 - lbs/day, when operating,
 - tons per ozone season, and
 - tons per year, on a monthly and 12-month rolling basis.

IV. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS.

007 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

- (a) The permittee shall maintain records of the hours of operation on a monthly basis.
- (b) The permittee shall maintain records of NOx emissions in units of:
 - lbs/hr
 - lbs/day, when operating,
 - tons per ozone season, and
 - tons per year, on a monthly and 12-month rolling basis.

008 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

The permittee shall keep records of one of the following:

- (a) A copy of the certification, showing the percent sulfur in the fuel, the cetane index or aromatic content of the fuel, and name of the supplier, or
- (b) The chemical analysis of the fuel oil sample, showing sample location and results.

REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

No additional reporting requirements exist except as provided in other sections of this permit including Section B (State Only General Requirements).

VI. WORK PRACTICE REQUIREMENTS.

[25 Pa. Code §127.441] # 009

Operating permit terms and conditions.

An emergency generator shall be operated and maintained in accordance with manufacturer's specifications.

#010 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.





SECTION D. **Source Level Requirements**

[Additional authority for this permit condition is also derived from 40 C.F.R. § 60.4205(a), § 60.4211(b)(1), and § 94.8(a)(1)].

The permittee shall comply with the following emission standards at maximum engine power:

(a) Nitrogen Oxides (NOx) shall be less than 10.05 g/KW-hr (7.49 g/hp-hr).

[Compliance with this condition is demonstrated purchasing an engine certified to the emission standards above, for the same engine class and maximum engine power].

VII. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

011 [25 Pa. Code §127.441]

Operating permit terms and conditions.

This source consists of a emergency diesel generator, CAT Model 3456 rated at 500 kW, manufactured on 08/28/2006. The unit uses 36.3 gallons of diesel fuel at 100% load.

012 [40 CFR Part 60 Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources §40 CFR 60.4211] Subpart IIII - Standards of Performance for Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engines What are my compliance requirements if I am an owner or operator of a stationary CI internal combustion engine?

The 500 kW generator engine must comply with the requirements for emergency stationary ICE specified in 40 CFR § 60.4211(f):

- (a) The owner or operator of an emergency stationary ICE, must operate the emergency stationary ICE according to the requirements in paragraphs (1) through (2) and (3). In order for the engine to be considered an emergency stationary ICE under the Subpart, any operation other than emergency operation, maintenance and testing, and operation in nonemergency situations for 50 hours per year, as described in paragraphs (1) through (3), is prohibited. If you do not operate the engine according to the requirements in paragraphs (1) through (3), the engine will not be considered an emergency engine under the Subpart and must meet all requirements for non-emergency engines.
 - (1) There is no time limit on the use of emergency stationary ICE in emergency situations.
- (2) You may operate your emergency stationary ICE for the purposes specified in paragraph (i) for a maximum of 100 hours per calendar year. Any operation for non-emergency situations as allowed by paragraph (3) counts as part of the 100 hours per calendar year allowed by paragraph (2).
- (i) Emergency stationary ICE may be operated for maintenance checks and readiness testing, provided that the tests are recommended by federal, state or local government, the manufacturer, the vendor, the regional transmission organization or equivalent balancing authority and transmission operator, or the insurance company associated with the engine. The owner or operator may petition the Administrator for approval of additional hours to be used for maintenance checks and readiness testing, but a petition is not required if the owner or operator maintains records indicating that federal, state, or local standards require maintenance and testing of emergency ICE beyond 100 hours per calendar year.
- (3) Emergency stationary ICE may be operated for up to 50 hours per calendar year in non-emergency situations. The 50 hours of operation in non-emergency situations are counted as part of the 100 hours per calendar year for maintenance and testing and emergency demand response provided in paragraph (2). Except as provided in paragraph i), the 50 hours per calendar year for non-emergency situations cannot be used for peak shaving or non-emergency demand response, or to generate income for a facility to an electric grid or otherwise supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity.
- (i) The 50 hours per year for non-emergency situations can be used to supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity if all of the following conditions are met:
 - (A) The engine is dispatched by the local balancing authority or local transmission and distribution system operator;
 - (B) The dispatch is intended to mitigate local transmission and/or distribution limitations so as to avert potential



SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

voltage collapse or line overloads that could lead to the interruption of power supply in a local area or region.

- (C) The dispatch follows reliability, emergency operation or similar protocols that follow specific NERC, regional, state, public utility commission or local standards or guidelines.
 - (D) The power is provided only to the facility itself or to support the local transmission and distribution system.
- (E) The owner or operator identifies and records the entity that dispatches the engine and the specific NERC, regional, state, public utility commission or local standards or guidelines that are being followed for dispatching the engine. The local balancing authority or local transmission and distribution system operator may keep these records on behalf of the engine owner or operator.

013 [40 CFR Part 63 NESHAPS for Source Categories §40 CFR 63.6640]

Subpart ZZZZ - National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines

How do I demonstrate continuous compliance with the emission limitations, operating limitations, and other requirements?

One 500 KW emergency generator engine must meet the definition of an emergency stationary RICE in 40 CFR § 63.6675, which includes operating according to the provisions specified in 40 CFR § 63.6640(f):

- (a) If you own or operate an emergency stationary RICE, you must operate the emergency stationary RICE according to the requirements in paragraphs (1) through (3). In order for the engine to be considered an emergency stationary RICE under this subpart, any operation other than emergency operation, maintenance and testing, emergency demand response, and operation in non-emergency situations for 50 hours per year, as described in paragraphs (1) through (3), is prohibited. If you do not operate the engine according to the requirements in paragraphs (1) through (3), the engine will not be considered an emergency engine under this subpart and must meet all requirements for non-emergency engines.
- (1) There is no time limit on the use of emergency stationary RICE in emergency situations.
- (2) You may operate your emergency stationary RICE for any combination of the purposes specified in paragraphs (i) through (iii) for a maximum of 100 hours per calendar year. Any operation for non-emergency situations as allowed by paragraph (3) counts as part of the 100 hours per calendar year allowed by this paragraph (2).
- (i) Emergency stationary RICE may be operated for maintenance checks and readiness testing, provided that the tests are recommended by federal, state or local government, the manufacturer, the vendor, the regional transmission organization or equivalent balancing authority and transmission operator, or the insurance company associated with the engine. The owner or operator may petition the Administrator for approval of additional hours to be used for maintenance checks and readiness testing, but a petition is not required if the owner or operator maintains records indicating that federal, state, or local standards require maintenance and testing of emergency RICE beyond 100 hours per calendar year.
- (ii) Emergency stationary RICE may be operated for emergency demand response for periods in which the Reliability Coordinator under the North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) Reliability Standard EOP-002-3, Capacity and Energy Emergencies (incorporated by reference, see §63.14), or other authorized entity as determined by the Reliability Coordinator, has declared an Energy Emergency Alert Level 2 as defined in the NERC Reliability Standard EOP-002-3.
- (iii) Emergency stationary RICE may be operated for periods where there is a deviation of voltage or frequency of 5 percent or greater below standard voltage or frequency.
- (3) Emergency stationary RICE located at area sources of HAP may be operated for up to 50 hours per calendar year in non-emergency situations. The 50 hours of operation in non-emergency situations are counted as part of the 100 hours per calendar year for maintenance and testing and emergency demand response provided in paragraph (2) of this section. Except as provided in paragraphs (3)(i), the 50 hours per year for non-emergency situations cannot be used for peak shaving or non-emergency demand response, or to generate income for a facility to an electric grid or otherwise supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity.
 - (i) The 50 hours per year for non-emergency situations can be used to supply power as part of a financial arrangement





SECTION D. Source Level Requirements

with another entity if all of the following conditions are met:

- (A) The engine is dispatched by the local balancing authority or local transmission and distribution system operator.
- (B) The dispatch is intended to mitigate local transmission and/or distribution limitations so as to avert potential voltage collapse or line overloads that could lead to the interruption of power supply in a local area or region.
- (C) The dispatch follows reliability, emergency operation or similar protocols that follow specific NERC, regional, state, public utility commission or local standards or guidelines.
 - (D) The power is provided only to the facility itself or to support the local transmission and distribution system.
- (E) The owner or operator identifies and records the entity that dispatches the engine and the specific NERC, regional, state, public utility commission or local standards or guidelines that are being followed for dispatching the engine. The local balancing authority or local transmission and distribution system operator may keep these records on behalf of the engine owner or operator.



SECTION E. Source Group Restrictions.





SECTION F. Alternative Operation Requirements.

No Alternative Operations exist for this State Only facility.



SECTION G. Emission Restriction Summary.

Source Id	Source Description			
101	NG CATERPIL	LAR ENGINE		
Emission Limit			Pollutant	
4.900	Tons/Yr	12-month rolling sum	CO	
22.300	Tons/Yr	12-month rolling sum	NOX	
10.300	Tons/Yr	12-month rolling sum	VOC	

102 EXEMPT DIESEL EMERGENCY GENERATOR (500 KW)

Emission Limit			Pollutant	
2.750	Tons/Yr	per ozone season	NOX	
6.600	Tons/Yr	12-month rolling basis	NOX	
100.000	Lbs/Hr		NOX	
1,000.000	Lbs/Day		NOX	
500.000	PPMV		SOX	

Site Emission Restriction Summary

Emission Limit		Pollutant
11.010 Tons/Yr	12-month rolling sum	VOC
24.900 Tons/Yr	12-month rolling sum	NOX
11.420 Tons/Yr	12-month rolling sum	СО
2.300 Tons/Yr	12-month rolling sum	Hazardous Air Pollutants



SECTION H. Miscellaneous.

001. Exempted Sources:

Three small natural gas-fired boilers (4.0 mmbtu/hr, each), shall be in compliance with 25 Pa. Code Sections 123.11 and 123.22(e)(1) and (e)(2).

002. Plan Approval 46-0259 serves as a basis for certain terms and conditions in this State Only Permit.

APS - 587397, AUTH ID - 1041389. The Department issued a permit renewal for this facility.

APS - 888921, AUTH ID - 1104448. The Department issued a permit renewal for this facility.

APS - 888921, AUTH ID - 1318946. The Department issued a permit renewal for this facility.

The permit contact person was changed from John Steckel, Senior Asset Manager, to Ed Wentling, Asset Manager.

APS No. 888921; Authorization No. 1365996: This is an Administrative Amendment for a change in the name of the Responsible Official contact for this facility to Mr. Thomas W. Judge, Senior Vice President of Operations of EPP Service Co.

APS No. 1071130; Authorization No. 1410017: This action is for an administrative amendment for a change of ownership from EPP Renewable Energy to the Hill at Whitemarsh. The action also includes the change in name of the Responsible Official and an update of the change in requirements from CAIR to CSAPR.

DEP Auth ID: 1410017 DEP PF ID: 682041





***** End of Report *****